





July 2025

BACKGROUND

Violent extremism (VE) has posed a heightened threat to Kenya since the late 1990s, when Al-Qaeda bombed the United States Embassy in Nairobi. Whilst larger attacks have occurred less regularly in recent years, there remain frequent smaller-scale incidents and attacks in Coastal and North-Eastern Kenya.

Kenya became a GCERF partner country* in 2018. To date, GCERF has invested USD 13 million in the country, with active grants worth USD 3.4 million currently supporting three consoriutms of local civil society organisations (CSOs). This investment supports civil society's active involvement in implementing the National Strategy to Prevent and Counter Violent Extremism (NSPCVE) and County Action Plans (CAPs).

GCERF pioneers a unique model of investment designed to promote a whole-of-society approach and ensure the sustainability of our programmes. Under this model, we support national governments in establishing a steering committee called the Country Support Mechanism (CSM) in each partner country.

In Kenya, the CSM is chaired by the National Counter-Terrorism Centre (NCTC) and includes representatives of the Ministry of Interior, county government, donors and independent think tanks. This mechanism provides strategic direction to GCERF and the programmes we fund, ensuring accountability, results and alignment with national strategies.

To further embed local ownership, our grantees also seek to coordinate and effectively communicate with relevant government officials at the sub-national level, particularly within county governments.

GCERF'S INVESTMENT STRATEGY IN KENYA

GCERF's Investment Strategy was developed with stakeholders in Kenya and agreed upon by our Governing Board in 2023. It outlines a comprehensive approach to address the drivers of violent extremism and guides civil society organisations to design their programmes. The drivers behind VE are complex, but three of the most widely identified in Kenya are:

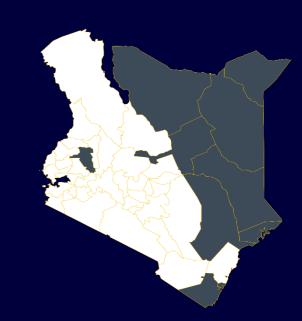
- 1. Youth unemployment
- 2. Perceived marginalisation
- 3. Relationship with security actors.

Over the last three years, one of the primary objectives of GCERF's investment has been to support the implementation of the NSPCVE at the county level, particularly through strengthening the coordination and capacity of County Engagement Forums.**



** A multi-stakeholder group comprising representatives from key sectors such as the security sector, civil service, criminal justice institutions, civil society organisations, faith- based organisations, peace committees, youth and women organisations, private sector, and active community members to facilitate the implementation of national strategy to prevent violent extremism.





WHERE

- The Coast (Kwale, Lamu, Mombasa, Tana River)
- Northern and Northeastern (Garissa, Isiolo, Mandera, Marsabit, Wajir)
- · Uasin Gishu

WHO

- Government entities
- CSOs and community-based organisations (CBOs)
- Women, men, boys, and girls in vulnerable communities
- Individuals who have disengaged from VE groups and their support networks
- Frontline workers, such as psychologists, counsellors, probation officers, etc
- Influencers

CURRENT GRANTS



IMPLEMENTED BY

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PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

Principal Recipient: Act, Change, Transform! (Act!)

Provide CBOs with small grants and capacity to deliver PVE programmes.

Increase awareness of women, youth and the community on PVE (offline and online).

Improve agency for community leaders, especially youth and women, on driving P/CVE.

Increase socio-economic resilience for women and youth against violent extremism through increased sustainable income.

AREAS OF IMPLEMENTATION	\$ GRANT AMOUNT	PERIOD OF THE GRANT
Lamu, Mandera, Marsabit, Tana River and Wajir	USD 1,585,000	January 2025 – September 2027

Note: A programme funded by the European Union Delegation to Kenya



IMPLEMENTED BY



PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

Principal Recipient: Regional Pastoralists Peace Link (RPPL)

Strengthen community-policing structures to be sustainable and better address community safety concerns including terrorism threat.

Sub-recipients: Action For Sustainable Change (AFOSC) and African Child Development Organization (ACDO) Improve trust and relationship between community members and security actors.

Enhance security actors' awareness to better understand and address community needs.

AREAS OF IMPLEMENTATION	\$ GRANT AMOUNT	PERIOD OF THE GRANT
Garissa, Isiolo and Mandera	USD 550,000	January 2024 – December 2025



IMPLEMENTED BY

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PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

Principal Recipient: Centre for Human Rights and Policy Studies (CHRIPS)

Sub-recipients: Center for Sustainable Conflict Resolution (CSCR), Human Rights Agenda (HURIA), Rights Organization for Advocacy and Development (ROAD) and Regional Pastoralists Peace Link (RPPL) Improve mental health and well-being of individuals who have disengaged from VE groups through effective and safe rehabilitation and reintegration measures.

Support the establishment of an effective support network for reintegration of the disengaged, increase their acceptance and reduce shame/victimisation.

Strengthen the capacity of psychologists to effectively assist trauma and violence informed care, rehabilitation of the clients. Establish a network of psychologists working on R&R.

Sensitise security actors about R&R and coordinate R&R and PVE efforts

AREAS OF IMPLEMENTATION	\$ GRANT AMOUNT	PERIOD OF THE GRANT
Garissa, Isiolo, Kwale, Lamu, Mombasa and Uasin Gishu	USD 1,275,000	January 2024 – December 2025

STORY OF CHANGE

TVET PCVE CLUBS: A YOUTH BECOMES A COMMUNITY BRIDGE

Joseph, a young man from Witu, a small town in Lamu county, spent his early life in a community with a high rate of unemployment. Joseph's participation in the Leadership and Advocacy Sensitisation for Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) PCVE Clubs proved to be a turning point in his life. The workshop wasn't just about listening; it was about engaging, questioning, and envisioning a role for oneself beyond the constraints of the present, and through the workshop, he learned about leadership, not as a distant concept reserved for the few, but as a quality that could be nurtured within. He discovered advocacy, not as mere rhetoric but as a tool for tangible change, particularly in the realms of peace and security.

After attending the workshop, he saw potential not only in himself but also in his peers and felt an urgent need to bridge the gap between potential and reality in his community. As a first step, he gathered a group of friends to share what he had learned, using his own story as a testament to the power of positive engagement. The small group soon grew, and their meetings became a regular feature in Witu town, attracting the attention of both community leaders and local youth.

Seeing the enormous potential of youth as a force for peace, he began to work with local initiatives focused on PCVE. His advocacy work, based а genuine belief in community's capacity for change, began to resonate more widely. Joseph became a bridge, bringing together different stakeholders. Today, Joseph's impact is tangible. has been instrumental in promoting youth engagement in peacebuilding and his efforts have steered his peers away from the path extremism. Through workshops, peer mentoring and community projects, Joseph has ignited a collective spark resilience and hope in Witu town.

Joseph's journey illustrates the profound impact of empowering young people with knowledge, skills and the belief that they can be positive change-makers and architects of their future.



TVET PCVE Clubs: Breaking Barriers and Building Resilience



Leadership and Advocacy Sensitisation for TVET PCVE Club

KEY RESULTS

14

grants in seven years to 47 civilsociety organisations, including principal and sub-recipients

800

people receiving livelihoods or economic support

8,316

people joining dialogues, consultations, roundtables across religious, ethnic and generational lines

13,985

people trained on PVE, conflict sensitivity, critical thinking, conflict resolution skills and early warning

59,040

participants in awareness and sensitisation campaigns on PVE, increasing trust between security and community members

130

civic and safe spaces established to foster dialogue, mental health, and well-being

GCERF'S VALUE PROPOSITION

GCERF'S UNIQUE MODEL OF INVESTMENT PRIORITISES:

GCERF's unique model of investment prioritises:

Community-ownership and localisation: We invest in trusted grassroots civil society organisations that prioritise the needs and grievances of communities most affected by violent extremism. Many of these organisations have never received international funding before.

Sustainability: Our programmes involve all groups of society and strengthens trust between government, civil society and community members to build stronger, more resilient societies. This ensures that initiatives and structures continue to be rele- vant and effective.

Robust monitoring and evaluation processes: Our multi-layered monitoring and evaluation system, operating locally and globally, provides continuous feedback on programme effectiveness, identifies areas for improvement, and ensures objectives are consistently met.

Knowledge sharing: Our global network of civil society organisations working on PVE facilitates the exchange of good practices and lessons learned, fostering collaboration and enhancing the effectiveness of interventions. We also share our experiences through our participation in various conferences, publishing of articles and research papers in reputed journals to advance the understanding of PVE.

Capacity strengthening: We strengthen the capacity of civil society organisations to manage large-scale grants and implement effective initiatives, while also enhancing government capacity to develop comprehensive, holistic strategies to prevent violent extremism.



Find out more about becoming an investor, our work, and the collective impact we make at: www.gcerf.org contact.kenya@gcerf.org









